IN THE CLAIMS

1.(Currently Amended) <u>A</u> <u>Bb</u>reathing assistance apparatus capable of operating in alternating inhalation and expiratory phases, the <u>apparatus</u> <u>and</u> comprising:

- a pressuriszed respiratory gas source,
- control means capable of transmitting a reference value of a gas related parameter to the said pressurized respiratory gas source, the control means including selection means capable of selecting a pressure parameter or a flow rate parameter to define the reference value of the gas related parameter,
- an inhalation duct to supply the gas from the pressurized respiratory gas source to a patient,
- an expiratory duct for the expiratory gas of the patient,
- an <u>inhalation</u> valve <u>disposed</u> on the inhalation duct, the <u>said_inhalation</u> valve comprising means <u>that_to_allow</u> the gas <u>from the gas source</u> to pass to make possible proportional operation, the <u>inhalation said_valve</u> being controlled by means which are distinct from the pressuriszed <u>respiratory</u> gas source,
- an expiratory valve on the expiratory gas source to help establish a positive expiratory pressure PEP,
- * sensors, respectively a pressure sensor (111) and a flow rate sensor associated with (112), on the inhalation duct, and.

the apparatus being characterised in that:

- the said control means comprise selection means (152)
 capable of selecting a pressure parameter or a flow rate
 parameter to define the said reference value for the gas source
- the said selection means are controlled by an automatic control unit for controlling the selection means, the automatic control unit being (51), the said control unit being:

connected to the pressure and flow rate sensors situated on the inhalation duct to form a direct closed regulation circuit for selecting a reference value parameter, and

 \rightarrow associated to a programme allowing the <u>a</u> selection to be made in real time from a pressure <u>signal</u> or flow rate signal, \rightarrow

so that the association of a direct closed regulation loop for the selection of a <u>particular</u> reference value parameter with the inhalation or expiratory a valve permitting proportional operation, allows real time control of barometric and volumetric operating modes of the <u>breathing assistance</u> apparatus, between <u>or during</u> the inhalation and expiratory phases and during these phases.

- 2. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to the previous claim 1, wherein characterised in that during the expiratory phases of the apparatus, the inhalation valve is operable to generate capable of generating on its own a leak rate to compensate the leaks, so that no leak connection is associated with to the inhalation valve.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to any of the previous claims 1 or claim 2, wherein characterised in that the pressuriszed respiratory gas source comprises is a centrifugal fan type turbine with an axial air intake and peripheral output and, with an inertia value less than around 150 gcm².
- 4. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to any of the previous claims 1, further comprising characterised in that:
- ----a second flow <u>rate</u> sensor <u>is</u> associated <u>with</u> to the expiratory duct, and

Docket No.: SAIME 3.3-004

Application No.: 10/550,247

<u>comparison means</u>, wherein the said flow rate sensors associated with of the inhalation and expiratory ducts are connected to the comparison means to compare the respective flow rates in the inhalation and expiratory ducts.

- 5. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to the previous claim 4, further comprising characterised in that the said comparison means are associated to processing means operable to filter a capable of filtering the difference between the said respective flow rates in real time, the processing means being associated with the comparison means.
- 6. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to the previous claim 5, wherein characterised in that the said processing means is are connected to the said automatic control unit, and these processing means are connected to a memory, and to a processor programmed to trigger a new inhalation phase when the said filtered difference is higher than a pre-determined threshold.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to any of the previous—claims_1, wherein characterised in that the inhalation valve comprises:
- a valve body comprising an orifice connected to the inhalation duct, and,
- the <u>said</u>-orifice in a closed position, and <u>to</u> at least partially free <u>the this</u>-orifice in <u>an the</u>-open position, the <u>said</u>-moving element <u>including featuring</u> a recess <u>for aligning that can be aligned</u> with the <u>said</u>-orifice <u>of the valve body</u> to allow the gas from the gas source to pass through to the inhalation duct, the <u>said</u>-recess comprising:
- a first part, having a whose geometry correspondings to a proportional operation of the inhalation

valve when the said first part is aligned with the said orifice, and

a second part having a , whose geometry correspondings to an all or nothing operation of the inhalation valve when the said second part is aligned with the said orifice.

- 8. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to the previous claim 7, wherein characterised in that the said recess is shaped so that when the said moving element moves to move the inhalation valve from its the closed position to its the open position, the said first part is first of all aligned with the recess, and then the said second part is then aligned with the said recess, if this movement continues.
- 9. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to the previous claim 8, whereincharacterised in that:
 - the recess comprises:

said the first part of the recess is more or
generally less triangular,

the said—second part of the recess is more or generally less rectangular, and.

- a base of the triangle of the first part of the recess is parallel with one side of the rectangle of the second part of the recess.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to any of the previous—claims_1, further comprising characterised in that to control the PEP, the expiratory valve is controlled by a microturbine operable to control the expiratory valve so that the positive expiratory pressure is controlled.
- 11. (Currently Amended) Apparatus according to the previous claim 10, wherein characterised in that the micro-turbine is

directly connected to the expiratory valve, and no intermediate element is positioned between the micro-turbine and the expiratory valve.

12. (Currently Amended) An Opperating control process for controlling a breathing assistance apparatus comprising a pressurized respiratory gas source; control means capable of transmitting a reference value of a gas related parameter to the pressurized respiratory gas source, the control means including selection means capable of selecting a pressure parameter or a flow rate parameter to define the reference value of the gas related parameter; an inhalation duct to supply gas from the pressurized respiratory gas source to a patient; an expiratory duct for expiratory gas of the patient; an inhalation valve disposed on the inhalation duct, the inhalation valve comprising means to allow the gas from the gas source to pass to make possible proportional operation, the inhalation valve being controlled by means which are distinct from the pressurized respiratory gas source; an expiratory valve on the expiratory gas source to help establish a positive expiratory pressure; a pressure sensor and a flow rate sensor associated with the inhalation duct; and an automatic control unit for controlling the selection means, the process comprising:

operating a micro-turbine; and

closing the expiratory valve based on the micro-turbine to regulate a positive expiratory pressure during the expiratory phases of a apparatus of any of the previous claims, characterised in that to establish a PEP during the expiratory phases, the closure of the expiratory valve is controlled by a micro-turbine.

- 13. (Currently Amended) Process according to the previous claim
- 12, wherein characterised in that when the apparatus operates,

the micro-turbine operates constantly and the <u>expiratory</u> valve is controlled by the—selective connection of a pneumatic control line of the <u>said</u>—expiratory valve with the micro-turbine.

14. (Currently Amended) A Pprocess for operating an—a breathing assistance apparatus according to any of claims 1 to 11 in a volumetric mode, the breathing assistance apparatus comprising a pressurized respiratory gas source; control means capable of transmitting a reference value of a gas related parameter to the pressurized respiratory gas source, the control means including selection means capable of selecting a pressure parameter or a flow rate parameter to define the reference value of the gas related parameter; an inhalation duct to supply gas from the pressurized respiratory gas source to a patient; an expiratory duct for expiratory gas of the patient; an inhalation valve disposed on the inhalation duct, the inhalation valve comprising means to allow the gas from the gas source to pass to make possible proportional operation, the inhalation valve being controlled by means which are distinct from the pressurized respiratory gas source; an expiratory valve on the expiratory gas source to help establish a positive expiratory pressure; a pressure sensor and a flow rate sensor associated with the inhalation duct; and an automatic control unit for controlling the selection means, the process comprising: characterised in that when a volumetric mode is

selectinged the control of the volumetric mode; and delivered to a patient is obtained by the controlling of the gas source on the basis of a measured pressure parameter on the inhalation duct;

wherein control of volume of the gas delivered to a patient is obtained by the control of the gas source.

15. (Currently Amended) Process according to the previous claim 14, wherein characterised in that no pressure difference between an upstream part and a downstream parts of the inhalation valve is used.

16. (Currently Amended) Process according to one of the two the previous claims 14, wherein characterised in that said control of the gas source is obtained through the control of the rotation speed of a rotor of said the gas source.